

Table 1: Job Market Bingo Card

<b>Economic growth</b>	<b>Economic recession</b>	<b>Technological advancements</b>	<b>Automation</b>	<b>Globalization</b>
Increase in the overall economic activity.	A period of declining economic activity.	The development of new technologies that impact industries.	The use of machines and technology to perform tasks that were previously done by humans.	The increasing interconnectedness of economies and industries around the world.
<b>Industry growth</b>	<b>Industry decline</b>	<b>Labor force participation rate</b>	<b>Job creation</b>	<b>Job destruction</b>
The expansion of a specific industry or sector.	The contraction of a specific industry or sector.	The percentage of the working-age population that is employed or actively seeking employment.	The generation of new employment opportunities.	The elimination of existing employment opportunities.
<b>Skills gap</b>	<b>Education and training</b>	<b>Government policies</b>	<b>Demographic trends</b>	<b>Entrepreneurship</b>
The difference between the skills employers require and the skills that job seekers possess.	The level of formal education and job-related training workers have completed.	Laws and regulations that influence the labor market, such as minimum wage laws or labor protections.	Changes in the population, such as aging or migration.	The creation of new businesses and self-employment opportunities.